

# Quasi polynomials, $p'(x) = 0$ slip

$$y^{(n)} + a_1 y^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_n y = 0, \quad a_1, \dots, a_n \in \mathbb{R} \quad (\mathbb{C} \text{ or } \mathbb{R})$$

$$y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\dot{y} = Ay, \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & & \\ & 0 & \ddots & \\ & & \ddots & 1 \\ -a_n & & & -a_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = (-1)^n (\lambda^n + a_1 \lambda^{n-1} + \dots + a_n)$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} -\lambda & 1 & & \\ & -\lambda & \ddots & \\ & & \ddots & 1 \\ -a_n & & & -\lambda - a_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= -\lambda (-1)^{n-1} (\lambda^{n-1} + a_1 \lambda^{n-2} + \dots + a_{n-1}) + (-1)^{n-1} (-a_n) \cdot 1$$

$$A \xi = \lambda \xi, \quad \xi = \begin{pmatrix} \xi_1 \\ \xi_2 \\ \xi_3 \\ \vdots \\ \xi_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \xi_2 = \lambda \xi_1, \quad \xi_3 = \lambda \xi_2 = \lambda^2 \xi_1, \quad \dots \Rightarrow \xi = \xi_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \lambda \\ \lambda^2 \\ \vdots \\ \lambda^{n-1} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \xi_1 \neq 0$$

$$P(\lambda) = (\lambda - \lambda_1)^{m_1} \dots (\lambda - \lambda_k)^{m_k}, \quad \lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_k \in \mathbb{R} \quad (\mathbb{C})$$

$$m_1, \dots, m_k \in \mathbb{N}$$

multiplicities

$$P\left(\frac{d}{dt}\right) y = 0$$

$$I_0: f(t) \mapsto f(t)$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{\mu, m} \quad \left( \frac{d}{dt} - \mu I_0 \right)^m y = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} - \mu I_0 \begin{matrix} t^{m-1} e^{\mu t} \\ \vdots \\ t e^{\mu t} \\ e^{\mu t} \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} t^{m-2} e^{\mu t} \\ \vdots \\ t e^{\mu t} \\ e^{\mu t} \end{matrix} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \begin{matrix} t e^{\mu t} \\ e^{\mu t} \end{matrix} \rightarrow 0$$

$$e_{m-1} \rightarrow e_{m-2} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow e_1 \rightarrow e_0 \rightarrow 0$$

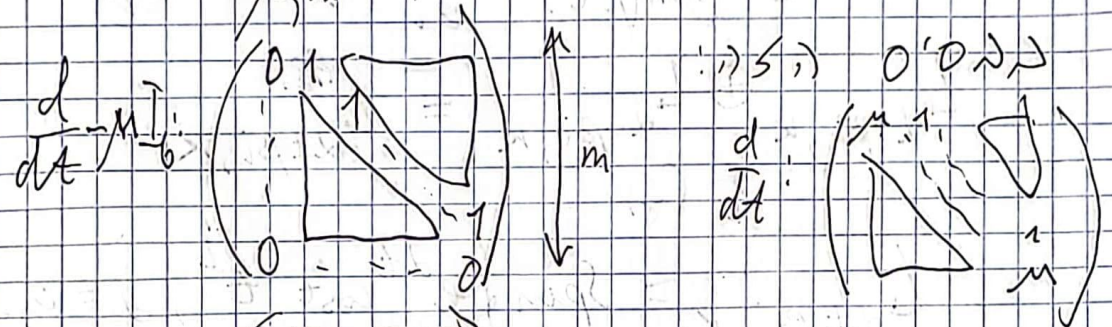
$$\mathcal{L}_{\mu, m} = \text{Span} \{ e_0, e_1, \dots, e_{m-1} \}, \quad \text{dim} = m$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{t^k}{k!} e^{\mu t} = \frac{t^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} e^{\mu t} + \frac{t^k}{k!} \mu e^{\mu t} = \left( \frac{t^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} + \frac{\mu t^k}{k!} \right) e^{\mu t}$$

$$= \left( \delta_0 + \delta_1 t + \dots + \delta_{m-1} t^{m-1} \right) e^{\mu t}$$

$$\delta_0, \dots, \delta_{m-1} \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{dim } \mathcal{L}_{\mu, m} = m$$



$$\frac{d}{dt} - \tilde{\mu} I_0 \quad \left( \begin{matrix} m-\tilde{\mu} & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & \\ & & & m-\tilde{\mu} \end{matrix} \right)$$

...  $\tilde{\mu}, \mu \in \mathbb{R}$  ...  $\mu \neq \tilde{\mu}$  ...

$$p(\lambda) = \lambda^n + a_{n-1} \lambda^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 \lambda + a_0$$

$$p(\lambda) y = \left( \frac{d}{dt} - \lambda_1 I_0 \right)^{m_1} \dots \left( \frac{d}{dt} - \lambda_k I_0 \right)^{m_k} y = 0$$

$$Y = \mathcal{L}_{\lambda_1, m_1} \oplus \dots \oplus \mathcal{L}_{\lambda_k, m_k} \quad m_1 + \dots + m_k = n$$

$$p(\lambda) = (\lambda^2 - 1) \quad y^{(6)} - 3y^{(4)} + 3y'' - y = 0$$

$$Y = \mathcal{L}_{1,3} + \mathcal{L}_{-1,3} = e^t (c_1 + c_2 t + c_3 t^2) + e^{-t} (d_1 + d_2 t + d_3 t^2)$$

$$c_1, c_2, d_1, d_2 \in \mathbb{R}(\mathbb{C})$$



$$p_{\lambda, k}(t) = e^{\lambda t} (d_0 + d_1 t + d_2 t^2 + \dots + d_k t^k)$$

$$\lambda^3 + 5\lambda^2 + 9\lambda + 5 = (\lambda + 1)(\lambda^2 + 4\lambda + 5)$$

פונקציות פ'ערות של סדר N 62

$\mathbb{R}$   $\mathbb{C}$  פונקציות פ'ערות של סדר N,  $\mathbb{C}$  פונקציות פ'ערות של סדר N  
 $\lambda = \alpha \pm \beta i$  פונקציות פ'ערות של סדר N

$$e^{(\alpha + \beta i)t} = e^{\alpha t} (\cos(\beta t) + i \sin(\beta t))$$

$$e^{(\alpha - \beta i)t} = e^{\alpha t} (\cos(\beta t) - i \sin(\beta t))$$

0.02  
 'נ'ג'ר'כ'כ'

$$e^{\alpha t} \cos(\beta t) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{(\alpha + \beta i)t} + e^{(\alpha - \beta i)t})$$

$$e^{\alpha t} \sin(\beta t) = \frac{1}{2i} (e^{(\alpha + \beta i)t} - e^{(\alpha - \beta i)t})$$

$$L_{\alpha + \beta i, k} \oplus L_{\alpha - \beta i, k} = L_{\alpha \pm \beta i, k}$$

$\in \mathbb{C}$

$$L_{\alpha \pm \beta i, k} = \text{Span} \left\{ \begin{matrix} e^{\alpha t} \cos t t^j \\ e^{\alpha t} \sin t t^j \end{matrix}, j = 0, \dots, k-1 \right\}$$

'enn 0.02, p'enn

$$L_{\alpha \pm \beta i, k}^{\mathbb{R}} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} e^{\alpha t} \cos t [c_0 + c_1 t + \dots + c_{k-1} t^{k-1}] \\ e^{\alpha t} \sin t [d_0 + d_1 t + \dots + d_{k-1} t^{k-1}] \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$p_{\alpha \pm \beta i, k-1} \quad (c_0, \dots, c_{k-1}, d_0, \dots, d_{k-1}) \in \mathbb{R}$$

$\beta \neq 0 \Rightarrow \dim L_{\alpha \pm \beta i, k}^{\mathbb{R}} = 2k$ ,  $\beta = 0: \dim L_{\alpha \pm \beta i, k}^{\mathbb{R}} = k$ ,  $L_{\alpha \pm \beta i, k}^{\mathbb{R}} = L_{\alpha, k}$

$$\ddot{y} + 5\dot{y} - 9y + 5y = 0$$

$$\lambda^3 + 5\lambda^2 - 9\lambda + 5 = (\lambda + 1)(\lambda^2 + 4\lambda + 5) \quad \lambda = -1, -2 \pm i$$

$$y = L_{-1, 1}^{\mathbb{R}} + L_{-2 \pm i, 1}^{\mathbb{R}} = c_1 e^{-t} + c_2 e^{-2t} \cos t + c_3 e^{-2t} \sin t$$



KN > 18

$$y^{(4)} + 4y'' + 4y = 0$$

$$\lambda^4 + 4\lambda^2 + 4 = (\lambda^2 + 2)^2 \quad \lambda = \pm \sqrt{2}i, m=2$$

$$Y = L_{\pm \sqrt{2}i, 2}^{\mathbb{R}} = C_1 \cos(\sqrt{2}t) + C_2 t \cos(\sqrt{2}t) + C_3 \sin(\sqrt{2}t) + C_4 t \sin(\sqrt{2}t)$$

$C_1, \dots, C_4 \in \mathbb{R} (\subset \mathbb{C})$

$$L_{\alpha \pm i\beta, k}^{\mathbb{R}} = L_{\alpha, k}, \sin(0t) = 0$$

Undetermined coefficients method

$$P\left(\frac{d}{dt}\right)y = b(t) \quad b \in L_{\alpha \pm i\beta}^{\mathbb{R}}$$

$$Y = Y_h + Y_p, \quad \begin{cases} \beta = \beta_1 + \beta_2 + \dots + \beta_r \\ Y_p = Y_{p1} + Y_{p2} + \dots + Y_{pr} \end{cases}$$

$$P(\lambda) \text{ de } \alpha \pm i\beta, m \geq 0, m \text{ !} \mathbb{N}$$

$m > 0$  resonance,  $\beta = 0$  resonance

resonance

$$Y_p = t^m P_{\alpha \pm i\beta, k-1} \in t^m L_{\alpha \pm i\beta, k}^{\mathbb{R}}$$

$$Y_p = t^m e^{\alpha t} \left[ \cos \beta t (\hat{c}_0 + \hat{c}_1 t + \dots + \hat{c}_{k-1} t^{k-1}) + \sin \beta t (\hat{d}_0 + \hat{d}_1 t + \dots + \hat{d}_{k-1} t^{k-1}) \right]$$

$$\hat{c}_0, \hat{d}_0, \dots, \hat{c}_{k-1}, \hat{d}_{k-1} \in \mathbb{R} (\subset \mathbb{C})$$

resonance  $\beta = 0$  resonance

resonance



$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = e^{-t} + t^2 e^t \quad \underline{K \neq 0 \neq 1 \neq 0}$$

$$\lambda^2 + 3\lambda + 2 = (\lambda + 2)(\lambda + 1) \quad m=1 \quad n=0$$

resonance

$$y_{p1} = f t e^{-t} \quad y_{p2} = e^t (d_0 + d_1 t + d_2 t^2)$$

$$y'_{p1} = f(e^{-t} - t e^{-t}) = f e^{-t} (1-t)$$

$$y''_{p1} = -f e^{-t} - f(e^{-t} - t e^{-t}) = f e^{-t} (t-2)$$

$$f(t-2) + 3(1-t)f + 2ft = 1$$

$$t \mid f - 3f + 2f = 0 \quad 0=0$$

$$t^0 \mid -2f + 3f = 1 \quad f = 1$$

$$y_{p1} = t e^{-t}$$

$$y_{p2} = \dots$$

$$y = C_1 e^{-t} + C_2 e^{-2t} + \underbrace{t e^{-t}}_{y_{p1}} + \underbrace{\dots}_{y_{p2}}$$

$$P\left(\frac{d}{dt}\right) = \left(\frac{d}{dt} - \lambda I\right)^m q\left(\frac{d}{dt}\right), \quad q(\lambda) \neq 0$$

$$P\left(\frac{d}{dt}\right) t^m \in L_{\lambda, k} = \mathcal{B} \in L_{\lambda, k}$$

$$q\left(\frac{d}{dt}\right) \left(\frac{d}{dt} - \lambda I_0\right)^m t^m \in L_{\lambda, k} = q\left(\frac{d}{dt}\right) L_{\lambda, k}$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{dt} - \lambda I_0\right)^m : e_{\lambda, m} \rightarrow e_{\lambda, m-m}$$

$$q\left(\frac{d}{dt}\right) \left(\frac{d}{dt} - \lambda I_0\right)^m t^m \in L_{\lambda, k} = \mathcal{B} \in L_{\lambda, k} \supseteq \mathcal{B}$$



# $\mathbb{R}^2$ גורמים ליציבות

נקודה שיווי המשקל, נקודה סינגולרית, נקודה קריטית  
 equilibrium, singular point, critical point

$$\dot{x} = Ax + B, \quad A \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}, \quad B, x \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$x_0: Ax_0 + B = 0$$

$$(x-x_0) = A(x-x_0) + \underbrace{Ax_0 + B}_0$$

$$\dot{x} = Ax$$

$$P(\lambda) = \det(A - \lambda I) = \lambda^2 + d_1\lambda + d_2$$

roots are  $\lambda_1, \lambda_2$

$\lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2 \in \mathbb{R}$

basis  $e_1, e_2$

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} e_1 & e_2 \end{bmatrix}}_E \begin{pmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \end{pmatrix} = Ez$$

$$\dot{x} = \dot{E}z = AEz = [Ae_1, Ae_2]z = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

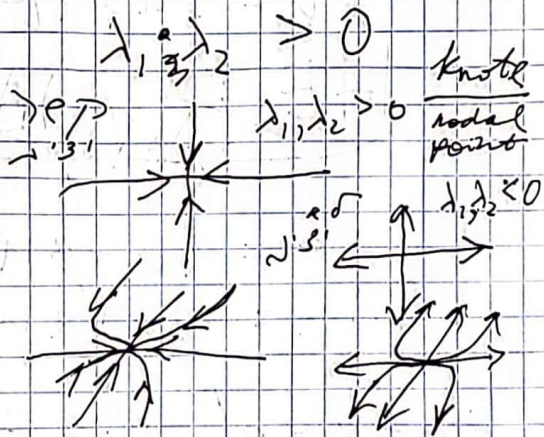
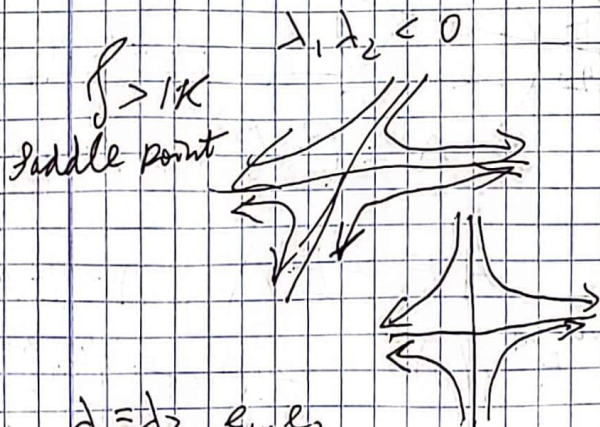
$$E\dot{z} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 e_1 & \lambda_2 e_2 \end{pmatrix} z = E\Lambda z$$

$$\boxed{\dot{z} = \Lambda z}$$

$$AE = E\Lambda$$

$$\boxed{A = E\Lambda E^{-1}}$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{z}_1 = \lambda_1 z_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 = \lambda_2 z_2 \end{cases}$$



$\lambda_1 = \lambda_2, e_1, e_2$

$$A(\alpha e_1 + \beta e_2) = \lambda(\alpha e_1 + \beta e_2)$$



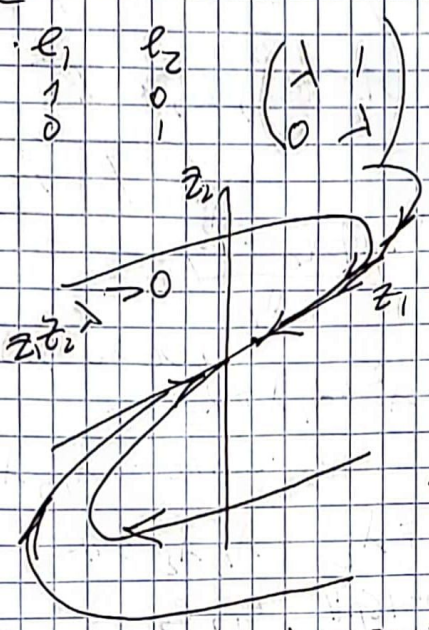


3 AK w3 8 7 1 6 7 u 2

$$\begin{cases} Ae_1 = \lambda e_1 \\ Ae_2 = \lambda e_2 + e_1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Lambda = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda & 1 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{pmatrix}, \quad x = E z$$

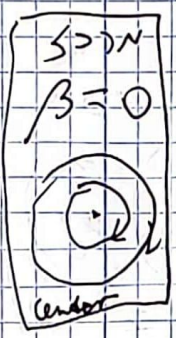
Jordan 7 1 2



$$\dot{z} = \Lambda \cdot z$$

$$e^{\Lambda t} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{\lambda t} & t e^{\lambda t} \\ 0 & e^{\lambda t} \end{pmatrix}$$

$\lambda > 0$   
Improper node  
degenerate node  
unstable



$\lambda_1 = \bar{\lambda}_2 = \alpha + \beta i, \quad e_1 = \bar{e}_2$

$$(A - \lambda_1 I)e_1 = 0, \quad (A - \bar{\lambda}_1 I)\bar{e}_1 = 0$$

$$e_1 = u + v i, \quad e_2 = u - v i \quad u, v \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$A(u + v i) = (\alpha + \beta i)(u + v i) = (\alpha u - \beta v) + i(\beta u + \alpha v)$$

$$\begin{aligned} Au &= \alpha u - \beta v \\ Av &= \beta u + \alpha v \end{aligned}$$

~~$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ -\beta & \alpha \end{pmatrix}, \quad E = \begin{pmatrix} u & v \\ v & -u \end{pmatrix}, \quad A = E \Lambda E^{-1}$$~~

$$\begin{cases} Av = \alpha v + \beta u \\ Au = -\beta v + \alpha u \end{cases}$$

$$\Lambda = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ -\beta & \alpha \end{pmatrix}, \quad E = \begin{bmatrix} -v & u \\ u & v \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AE = E\Lambda, \quad A = E\Lambda E^{-1}$$

$$Ez = x = e^{At} x(0) = E e^{\Lambda t} E^{-1} x(0)$$

$$z(t) = e^{\frac{dt}{\cos \beta t + \sin \beta t}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \beta t & \sin \beta t \\ -\sin \beta t & \cos \beta t \end{pmatrix} z(0)$$

focus  
focal point  
3 PIN

$\alpha > 0$  (sink)  $\alpha < 0$  (stille)







Petrovsky, ODE  $\dot{x} = f(x)$   $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow f(x_0) = 0$

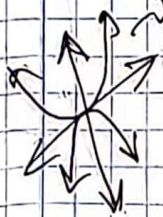
$\dot{x} = f(x), x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^2, f(x_0) = 0$

$A = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x_0) = f'(x_0), \det(f'(x_0) - \lambda I) =$

$\lambda^2 + a\lambda + b, a, b \in \mathbb{R}, a^2 - 4b > 0$

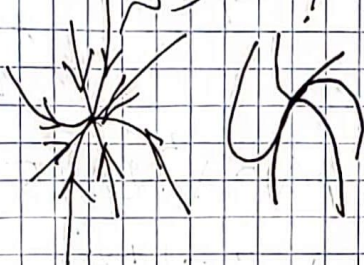
$\lambda_1, \lambda_2 > 0, \delta$

$\delta > 1/\kappa$



$\lambda_1, \lambda_2 < 0$

$\delta > 1/\kappa$



$\lambda_1 < 0 < \lambda_2$

$\delta > 1/\kappa$



$\text{Re } \lambda_{1,2} > 0$

$\delta > 1/\kappa$

$\text{Im } \lambda_{1,2} \neq 0$



$\text{Re } \lambda_{1,2} < 0$

$\delta > 1/\kappa$

$\lambda_1 = \bar{\lambda}_2 \neq 0$



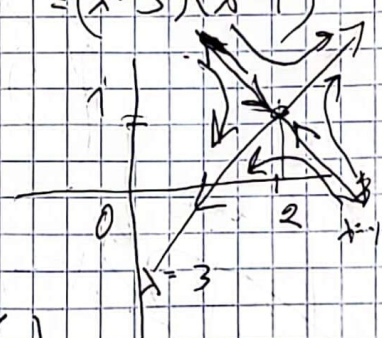
rep  
sink  
saddle  
spiral

$\begin{pmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x + 2y - 4 \\ 2x + y - 5 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$p(\lambda) = \lambda^2 - 2\lambda - 3 = (\lambda - 3)(\lambda + 1)$

$\lambda = 3 \quad -2x + 2y = 0 \quad e_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

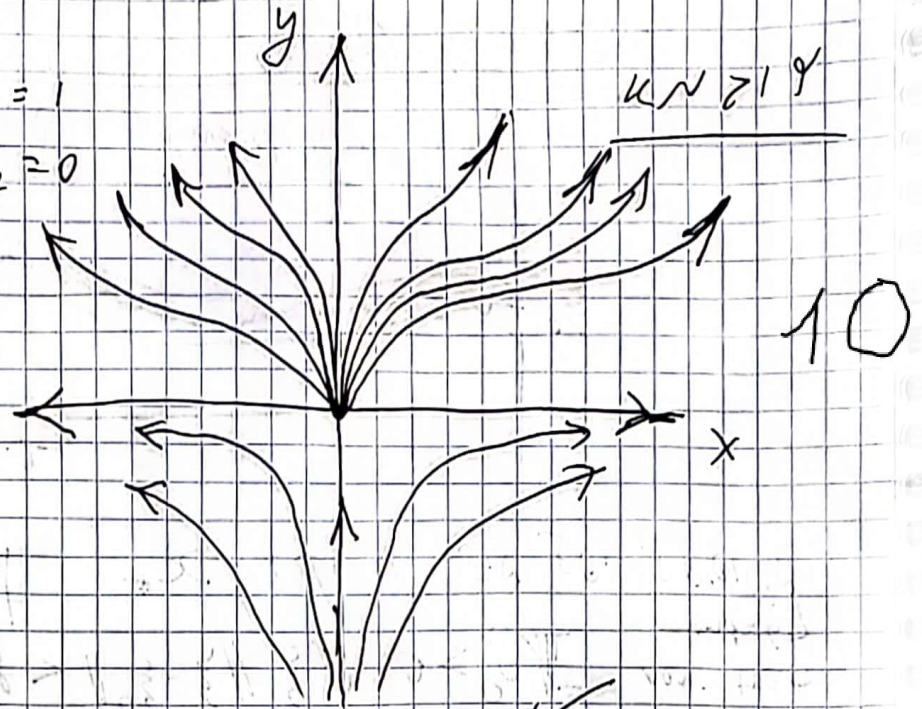
$\lambda = -1 \quad 2x + 2y = 0 \quad e_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$



$\delta > 1/\kappa$



$\dot{x} = x$      $\lambda_1 = 1$   
 $\dot{y} = y^2$      $\lambda_2 = 0$   
 $\text{rep} - \text{attr}$   
 saddle node



$\dot{x} = -xy$   
 $\dot{y} = \frac{1}{2}x - y^2$

