

# מערכת דינמית

$$\ddot{x} = A(t)x + B(t), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

סדר הומוגני

$$\ddot{x} = A(t)x$$

מערכת הומוגנית

הערה:  $x \mapsto \alpha x$  שומר על המשוואה  
 $\Rightarrow \exists \alpha \neq 0, \alpha x$  גם הוא פתרון

$$x=0 \Rightarrow \exists \alpha \neq 0, \alpha x$$

1. פתרונות - נרמט דינמי

2. פתרונות עם משתני קבועים

$$x(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \dots, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

פתרונות בסיסיים, פתרונות יסודיים, fundamental solutions

3. פתרונות כלליים  
 כל פתרון יכול להיכתב כצורה

צורה: פתרונות בסיסיים

$$\forall t, x \in \mathbb{R}^n \Rightarrow x = c_1 \varphi_1(t) + c_2 \varphi_2(t) + \dots + c_n \varphi_n(t)$$

כל פתרון צורה כזו  
 $\Leftrightarrow c_1 = c_2 = \dots = c_n = 0$

כל פתרון צורה כזו

4. פתרונות יסודיים  
 Fundamental matrix  $\Phi(t) = (\varphi_1(t) \dots \varphi_n(t))$

$$\dot{\Phi}(t) = (\dot{\varphi}_1(t) \dots \dot{\varphi}_n(t)) = A(t)\Phi(t)$$



$\forall t_0 \det \Phi(t) \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow \dots$

Wronskian  $W[\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n](t) = \det[\varphi_1(t) \dots \varphi_n(t)]$

- $\Rightarrow t_0: W[\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_n](t_0) \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow \forall t W[\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_n](t) \neq 0$
- $\Rightarrow t_0: W[\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_n](t_0) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \forall t W[\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_n](t) = 0$

prinzip kod  $\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_n$   $\dots$   
 $\dot{x} = A(t)x$

$x = x_h + x_p$   
 $y^{(n)} + a_1(t)y^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_n(t)y = b(t)$   
 $y^{(n)} + a_1(t)y^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_n(t)y = 0$

$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y \\ y' \\ \vdots \\ y^{(n-1)} \end{pmatrix} = \vec{y}$   
 $\dot{x} = A(t)x + B(t)$   
 $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & & \\ & 0 & 1 & \\ & & \ddots & \ddots \\ & & & 0 & 1 \\ -a_n & -a_{n-1} & \dots & -a_1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ b \end{pmatrix}$

$f_1, f_2, \dots, f_n$   $\dots$

$\varphi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} f_1 \\ \vdots \\ f_1^{(n-1)} \end{pmatrix}, \dots, \varphi_n = \begin{pmatrix} f_n \\ \vdots \\ f_n^{(n-1)} \end{pmatrix}$

$W[f_1, \dots, f_n](t) = \det \Phi(t) = \det \begin{pmatrix} f_1(t) & \dots & f_n(t) \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ f_1^{(n-1)}(t) & \dots & f_n^{(n-1)}(t) \end{pmatrix}$







$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_1 &= 5x_1 - 2x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 &= 6x_1 - 2x_2 \end{aligned}$$

כנר 19

4

$$p(\lambda) = \det(A - \lambda I) = \det \begin{pmatrix} 5-\lambda & -2 \\ 6 & -2-\lambda \end{pmatrix} = \lambda^2 - 3\lambda + 2 = (\lambda-1)(\lambda-2)$$

$$\lambda_1 = 2 \begin{cases} 3x_1 - 2x_2 = 0 \\ 6x_1 - 4x_2 = 0 \end{cases} \quad 3x_1 = 2x_2 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2 = 1 \begin{cases} 4x_1 - 2x_2 = 0 \\ 6x_1 - 3x_2 = 0 \end{cases} \quad 2x_1 = x_2 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = C_1 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + C_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{t} \quad C_1, C_2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$W \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{2t} & e^t \\ 3e^{2t} & 2e^t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} e^{3t} = e^{3t} \neq 0$$

$$\varphi(t) = \begin{pmatrix} t-1 \\ \sin(t-1) \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{כנר 19}$$

$$\dot{x} = A(t)x \quad \delta \quad \mu \quad \nu \quad \kappa \quad \lambda$$

$$x(1) = 0 \quad \text{כנר 19} \quad \varphi(1) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\varphi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} t \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \varphi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\sin(t-1)+1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$$\varphi_1 - \varphi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} t-1 \\ \sin(t-1) \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{כנר 19}$$

$$W[\varphi_1, \varphi_2](t) = \begin{vmatrix} t & 1 \\ 1 & 1 - \sin(t-1) \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= t^2 - t \sin(t-1) - 1 \neq 0$$

$$W[\varphi_1, \varphi_2](1) = 1 - \sin 0 - 1 = 0$$

כנר 19



$$\ddot{y} + y = 0 \quad y = c_1 \cos t + c_2 \sin t$$

KN 219

$$W[\cos t, \sin t] = \begin{vmatrix} \cos t & \sin t \\ -\sin t & \cos t \end{vmatrix} = 1$$

5

1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1)  $t, t^2$

KN 215

$$\ddot{y} + a_1(t)y + a_2(t)y = 0, \quad a_1, a_2 \in \mathbb{C}$$

$$W[t, t^2] = \begin{vmatrix} t & t^2 \\ 1 & 2t \end{vmatrix} = 2t^2 - t^2 = t^2$$

OK  $t=0$

$\ddot{y} = 0$   $\delta_{2K}$

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} (t-1)^2 & \cos(t-1) \\ (t-1)^2 & \cos(t-1) \\ 2(t-1) & -\sin(t-1) \end{vmatrix} \neq 0, \quad W(1) = 0$$

OK  $t=0$

$$f_1(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ t^2 & t \geq 0 \end{cases}, \quad f_2(t) = \begin{cases} t^2 & t < 0 \\ 0 & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

KN 219

$$W[f_1, f_2](t) \equiv 0$$

$\delta_{2K}$

OK  $t=0$

$$\ddot{y} + a_1(t)y + a_2(t)y = 0, \quad a_1, a_2 \in \mathbb{C}$$

!!  $\delta_{2K}$

1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1)  $\{t, 1\}$

KN 219

$$W[t, 1] = \begin{vmatrix} t & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \neq 0$$

$$\ddot{y} = 0$$



$$f_1, \dots, f_n: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f_j \in C^n[a, b]$$

שאלה: האם יש פתרון לא טריוויאלי?  $\exists$

$$y^{(n)} + a_1(t)y^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_n(t)y = 0$$

אם  $p \neq 0$  אז  $\frac{p}{p} = 1$

$$W_* = W[f_1, \dots, f_n](t) \neq 0 \quad \forall t \in [a, b]$$

$$W[y, f_1, \dots, f_n](t) = \begin{pmatrix} y & f_1 & \dots & f_n \\ y' & f_1' & \dots & f_n' \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ y^{(n)} & f_1^{(n)} & \dots & f_n^{(n)} \end{pmatrix} = (-1)^n W_*(t) y^{(n)} + \dots = 0$$

אם  $p \neq 0$

$$\begin{aligned} y^{(n)} + a_1 y^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_n y &= 0 \\ y^{(n)} + \tilde{a}_1 y^{(n-1)} + \dots + \tilde{a}_n y &= 0 \\ \hline \Delta a_1 y^{(n-1)} + \dots + \Delta a_n y &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

אם  $a_1 \neq \tilde{a}_1$

$$a_1 - \tilde{a}_1 \neq 0 \quad (1)$$

$t = t_0$  נקודת

$$\Delta a_1(t_0) \neq 0$$

$\Rightarrow$  הפתרון

$\Rightarrow$  הפתרון הטריוויאלי

אם  $t = t_0$  אז  $\Delta a_1 = 0$

$$\Delta a_2 \neq 0, \Delta a_3 = 0 \quad (2)$$

אם  $\Delta a_2 \neq 0$

DE:

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} t-1 & e^{-(t-1)^2} \\ 1 & 2(t-1)e^{-(t-1)^2} \\ 0 & 2e^{-(t-1)^2} + 4(t-1)^2 e^{-(t-1)^2} \end{vmatrix} = e^{-(t-1)^2} \begin{vmatrix} t-1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2(t-1) \end{vmatrix} = e^{-(t-1)^2} [2t^2 - 4t + 2 - 1] = e^{-(t-1)^2} [2t^2 - 4t + 1]$$

$$t_{1,2} = 1 \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad \text{not from } t \in [-1, 0], t \in [1, 2]$$



$$\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n, \varphi_j \in C^1$$

$$\dot{y} = A(t)y \quad y \in \mathbb{R}^n, A \in C \quad ? \quad \neq$$

$$\forall t \quad W[\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_n](t) \neq 0, \quad t \in [a, b]$$

$$\Phi(t) = (\varphi_1(t), \dots, \varphi_n(t)) \quad \text{matrix}$$

$$W[\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_n](t) = \det \Phi(t)$$

$$\dot{\Phi} = A(t)\Phi$$

$$A(t) = \dot{\Phi}(t)\Phi(t)^{-1} \iff \exists \Phi^{-1} \iff W \neq 0$$

$$\det \Phi \neq 0 \iff \text{invertible}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3t - \pi \\ t - \pi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$[2, 4] \rightarrow \dot{y} = A(t)y, y \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$A(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 3t-1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 3t-1 & 1 \\ t-\pi & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 3t-1 - (t-\pi) = 0 \quad \text{at } t=\pi$$

$$\forall t \in [0, \pi] \cup [\pi, 2\pi] \quad W \neq 0$$



אנליזה

$[0, 1] \rightarrow$   $\ddot{y} + a_1(t)y' + a_2(t)y = 0$  אנליזה  
 $a_1, a_2 \in \mathbb{C}$

$W = \begin{vmatrix} t \cos t & \sin t \\ 1 & -\sin t \end{vmatrix} = - (t \sin t + \cos t) < 0 \quad \forall t \in [0, 1]$

$\begin{vmatrix} y & t & \cos t \\ y' & 1 & -\sin t \\ y'' & 0 & -\cos t \end{vmatrix} = 0$

$-\ddot{y}(t \sin t + \cos t) - \dot{y}(-\cos t) + y(-\cos t) = 0$

$\ddot{y} + \frac{t \cos t}{t \sin t + \cos t} \dot{y} + \frac{\cos t}{t \sin t + \cos t} y = 0$

אנליזה

$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad - bc} \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}$

אנליזה Abel-Liouville  $(\mathbb{C}) \in \mathbb{N}$

$\dot{x} = A(t)x, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n \text{ (or } \mathbb{C}^n \text{)}$

$A(t) \in \mathbb{C}$

$\psi_1(t), \dots, \psi_n(t)$

$A(t) = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11}(t) & a_{12}(t) & \dots & a_{1n}(t) \\ a_{21}(t) & a_{22}(t) & \dots & a_{2n}(t) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{n1}(t) & a_{n2}(t) & \dots & a_{nn}(t) \end{pmatrix}$

$\text{Trace } A = \det$

$a_{11}(t) + a_{22}(t) + \dots + a_{nn}(t)$



$$W(t) = W[\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_n](t) \in \mathbb{C}^1$$

|N|N >  
SK

$$\dot{W} = \text{Tr} A(t) \cdot W$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} \dot{W} = \text{Tr} A, \quad W \neq 0 \\ \ln |W| = \int_{t_0}^t \text{Tr} A(s) ds - \ln |W(t_0)| \end{array} \right)$$

$$W(t) = W(t_0) e^{\int_{t_0}^t \text{Tr} A(s) ds}$$

( )

$$\Phi(t) = (\varphi_1(t), \dots, \varphi_n(t)) = \begin{pmatrix} \varphi_1(t) \\ \vdots \\ \varphi_n(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

( ) ( ) ( )

$$\dot{\Phi} = A(t) \Phi, \quad \dot{\varphi}_i = (a_{i1} \dots a_{in}) \Phi$$

$$\dot{\varphi}_i = a_{i1} \varphi_1 + a_{i2} \varphi_2 + \dots + a_{in} \varphi_n, \quad i = 1, \dots, n$$

$$(d_1 d_2 \dots d_n)' = d_1' d_2 \dots d_n + d_1 d_2' \dots d_n + \dots + d_1 d_2 \dots d_n'$$

: ( ) ( )

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left| \begin{array}{ccc} d_{11} & d_{12} & \dots & d_{1n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ d_{n1} & d_{n2} & \dots & d_{nn} \end{array} \right| = \sum_{i,j=1}^n \frac{d}{dt} (d_{ij}) (-1)^{i+j}$$

permutation degree

$$\dot{W} = \frac{d}{dt} \det \begin{pmatrix} \varphi_1 \\ \vdots \\ \varphi_n \end{pmatrix} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \det \begin{pmatrix} \varphi_1 \\ \dot{\varphi}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \varphi_n \end{pmatrix} + \det \begin{pmatrix} \varphi_1 \\ \varphi_2 \\ \vdots \\ \dot{\varphi}_n \end{pmatrix} + \dots + \det \begin{pmatrix} \dot{\varphi}_1 \\ \varphi_2 \\ \vdots \\ \varphi_n \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} \varphi_1 \\ \vdots \\ \dot{\varphi}_i \\ \vdots \\ \varphi_n \end{pmatrix} = \det \left( a_{i1} \varphi_1 + a_{i2} \varphi_2 + \dots + a_{in} \varphi_n \right)$$

$$= \det \begin{pmatrix} \varphi_1 \\ \vdots \\ \varphi_n \end{pmatrix} \cdot a_{ii}$$



$$\dot{W} = (a_{11} \det \Phi + a_{22} \det \Phi + \dots + a_{nn} \det \Phi)$$

Sie. N

10

$$y^{(n)} + a_1(t)y^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_n(t)y = 0, \quad \vec{y} = \begin{pmatrix} y \\ \dot{y} \\ \ddots \\ y^{(n-1)} \end{pmatrix}$$

$f_1(t), \dots, f_n(t): \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$   
 $(\mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{C})$

$\Rightarrow$

$$\vec{y}' = A(t)\vec{y}, \quad A(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & & 0 \\ & & \ddots & \ddots & \\ 0 & 0 & & 0 & 1 \\ -a_n & -a_{n-1} & & & -a_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Tr } A(t) = -a_1(t)$$

$$\dot{W} = -a_1(t)W$$

$$W(t) = W(t_0) e^{-\int_{t_0}^t a_1(s) ds}$$

$$W = \det \Phi = \det \begin{pmatrix} f_1 & -f_n \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ f_1^{(n-1)} & -f_n^{(n-1)} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y'' + a(t)y' + b(t)y = 0$$

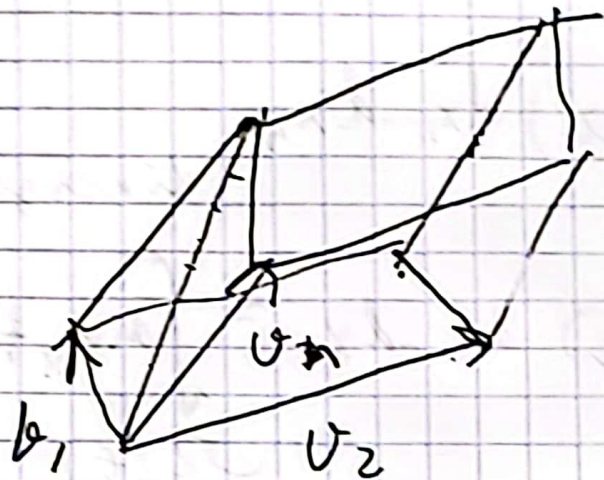
alleen  $y = f(t) \cdot g(t)$

$$f(t) y' = C_1 e^{-\int_{t_0}^t a(s) ds}$$

$$y' + y f' = C_1 d(t)$$

$$\left(\frac{y}{f}\right)' = \frac{y' f - y f'}{f^2} = C_1 \frac{d(t)}{f(t)^2} \Rightarrow y = C_1 \int \frac{d(t)}{f(t)^2} dt + C_2$$





Volume of a prism 11

$$\text{Volume} = \left| \det \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ \vdots \\ v_n \end{pmatrix} \right| = \left| \det(v_1, \dots, v_n) \right|$$

$$W(t) = \det(\varphi_1(t), \dots, \varphi_n(t)) = \pm \text{volume}$$

$V = V(0) e^{\int_0^t \text{tr}(A(s)) ds}$